

A.D. – N.S. – C.E. NORTHERN HEMISPHERE

	Algonquian	Colonial	English	Other
Moon I	Wolf	Winter	Old	Ice
Moon II	Snow	Trapper	Wolf	Hunger
Moon III	Worm	Fish	Lenten	Sap
Moon IV	Pink	Planter	Egg	Sprouting
Moon V	Flower	Milk	Milk	Hare
Moon VI	Strawberry	Rose	Flower	Honey

	Algonquian	Colonial	English	Other
Moon VII	Buck	Summer	Hay	Thunder
Moon VIII	Sturgeon	Dog Days'	Grain	Green Corn
Moon IX	Harvest	Harvest	Fruit	Wine
Moon X	Hunter's	Hunter's	Harvest	Blood
Moon XI	Beaver	Beaver	Hunter's	Frost
Moon XII	Cold	Christmas	Oak	Long Night

	Solar	Meteorological	Pagan	Christian
Winter-Spring Quaterus	Spring Begins	Midwinter	Imbolc	Groundhog Day
Spring Equinox	Midspring	Spring Begins	Ostara	Easter
Spring-Summer Quaterus	Summer Begins	Midspring	Beltane	May Day
Summer Solstice	Midsummer	Summer Begins	Litha	St. John's Day
Summer-Autumn Quatcrus	Autumn Begins	Midsummer	Lughnasadh	Lammas
Autumn Equinox	Midautumn	Autumn Begins	Mabon	Harvest Day
Autumn-Winter Quaterus	Winter Begins	Midautumn	Samhain	Hallowe'en
Winter Solstice	Midwinter	Winter Begins	Yule	Christmas

LUNISOLAR CALENDAR DIAL

The year is defined from the first full moon after winter solstice, to the last full moon on or before winter solstice.

The year begins at the bottom of the dial and proceeds clockwise (in the same manner a day is tracked on a sundial).

Major points in the sun's annual progression approximately overlap phases of the moon and months of Gregorian counting.

Years with thirteen full moons mark the first as ō, to indicate belewe ("betrayer") or false first moon (traditional blue/leap moon).

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